

# Cyber Security and AI

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### Does the training work?



Can the training be circumvented?

Can the model be misinterpreted?

Can the model be abused?



### A perfect memory...



https://www.nps.gov/safr/learn/news/freevolunteer-docent-training-tuesday-may-28-2019.htm;



### Attacks During Training

e.g.

- Poisoning
- Trojaning/Backdoors



# Poisoning

### Integrity

- Confidence reduction
  - do not change a class but highly impact the confidence
- Misclassification
  - change a class without any specific target
- Targeted misclassification
  - change a class to a particular target



# Poisoning

#### Availability

• Source/target misclassification

change a particular source to a particular target

• Universal misclassification

change any source to particular target



Goodfellow, Shlens, Szegedy ICLR 2015



Fig. 1. Linear SVM classifier decision boundary for a two-class dataset with support vectors and classification margins indicated (left). Decision boundary is significantly impacted if just one training sample is changed, even when that sample's class label does not change (right).

Miller, Xiang, and Kesidis, 2019

## Trojaning/Backdoor

- 1. Inverse network to create a trojan trigger
- 2. Retrain model with malicious data
- 3. Real inputs which activate the trojan trigger generate malicious behavior





Gu, Dolan-Gavitt, Garg 2019

### Defense

• Outlier detection

How to define an outlier? What about data that was injected before filtering rules?

• Test newly added training samples against current model for accuracy **What about trojans?** 













#### Cambridge Analytica Took 50M Facebook Users' Data—And Both Companies Owe Answers

The New York Times

### Facebook and Cambridge Analytica: What You Need to Know as Fallout Widens

By Kevin Granville

March 19, 2018



### **Attacks During Production**

#### e.g.

- Inference
- Evasion



### Inference

• Acquire information about dataset



### Inference

- Acquire information about dataset
- Membership inference / data attributes



### Inference

- Acquire information about dataset
- Membership inference / data attributes
- Model Extraction



### Evasion

Does not shift classifier boundary, but pushes poisoning into dataset



### Evasion

To classify Pandas as Gibbons:

- 1. Change a bunch of Gibbons closer to Pandas
- 2. Keep Gibbons labelled as Gibbons
- 3. Add changed Gibbons to training pool

Does not shift classifier boundary, but pushes poisoning into dataset





### Defense

• Differential Privacy





#### Goal: Try to hide individual data points





### **Problem: Model may become disbalanced**



### Defense

- Differential Privacy
- Don't force guessing ("null" class) Human overhead
- Adversarial training

What if the adversary uses different examples? What if you train on too many adversarial examples?



# Poisoning vs. Evasion





Pixabay: GDJ https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/ File:Simpleicons Interface unlock.sys