

Supervised Learning

CS4000: Harnessing AI

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What is Supervised Learning?

- Visual Recognition



Cat or Dog

What is Supervised Learning?

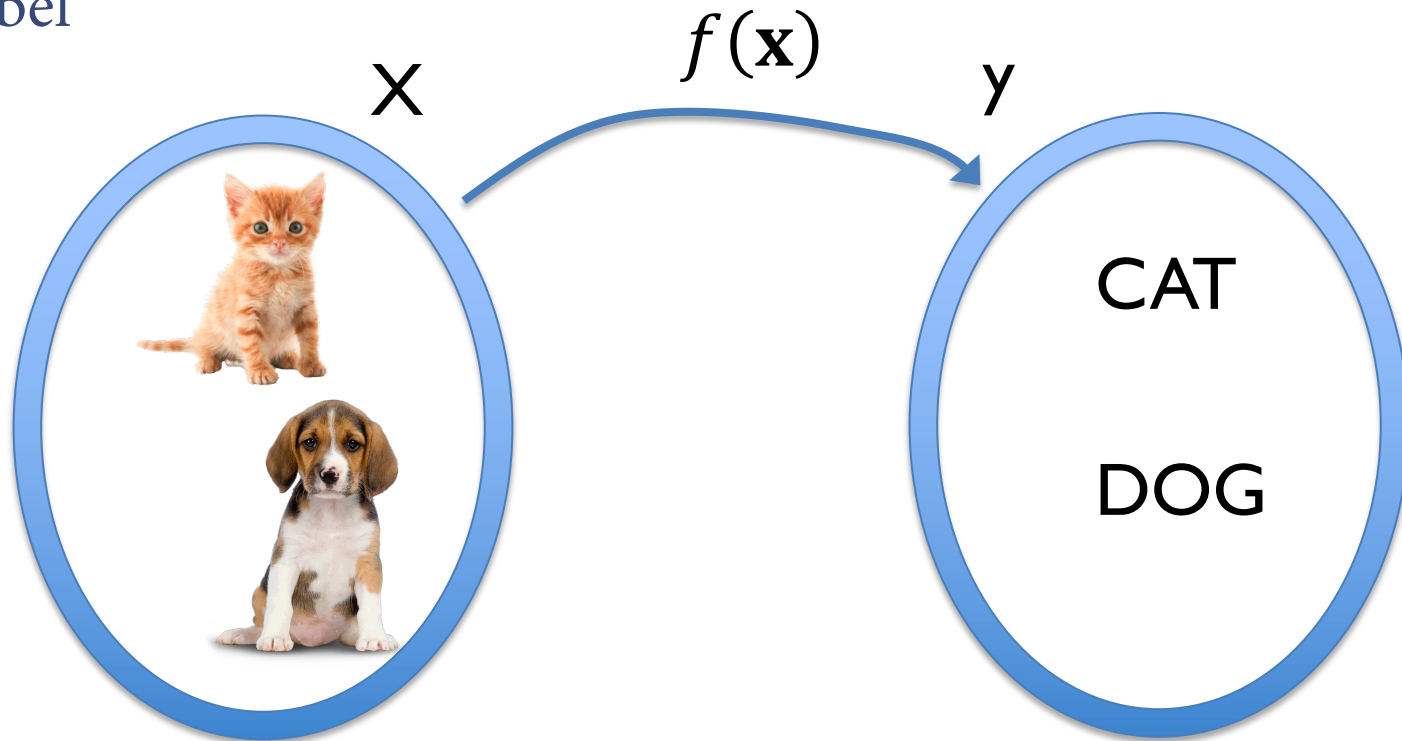
- Boston Housing Prices
 average number of rooms
price in \$1000's

	CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX	RM	AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	PTRATIO	B	LSTAT	PRICE
0	0.00632	18.0	2.31	0.0	0.538	6.575	65.2	4.0900	1.0	296.0	15.3	396.90	4.98	24.0
1	0.02731	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	6.421	78.9	4.9671	2.0	242.0	17.8	396.90	9.14	21.6
2	0.02729	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	7.185	61.1	4.9671	2.0	242.0	17.8	392.83	4.03	34.7
3	0.03237	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	6.998	45.8	6.0622	3.0	222.0	18.7	394.63	2.94	33.4
4	0.06905	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	7.147	54.2	6.0622	3.0	222.0	18.7	396.90	5.33	36.2

Can we determine the relationship between the value of the house and the average number of rooms per dwelling ?

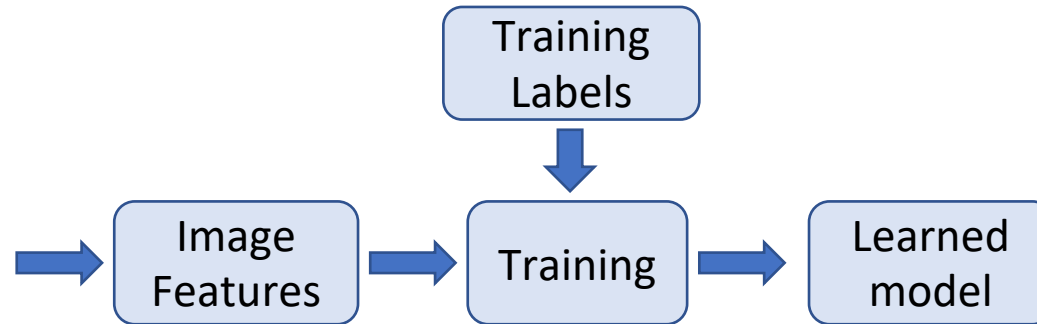
More Formal Definition

- Learn mapping between the pairs (\mathbf{x}, y) , where \mathbf{x} is input and y is label



Supervised Learning Framework

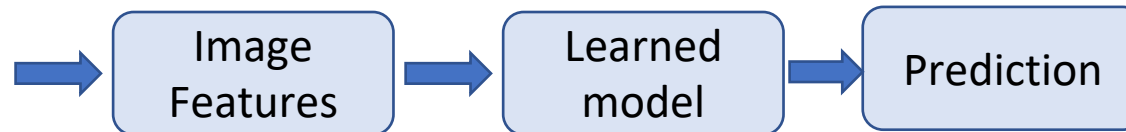
Training



Testing



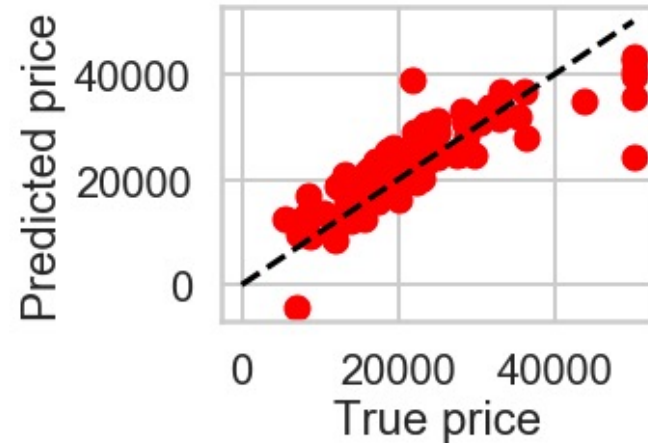
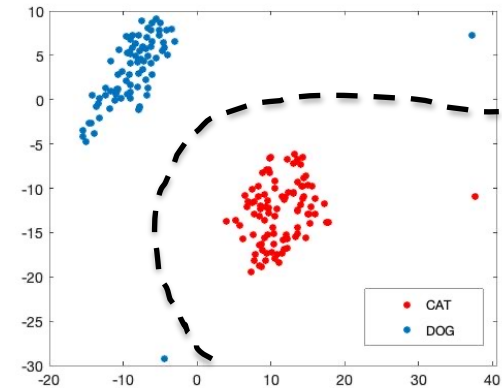
Test Image



Supervised Learning

CLASSIFICATION
DISCRETE

REGRESSION
CONTINUOUS





ML Classical Algorithms

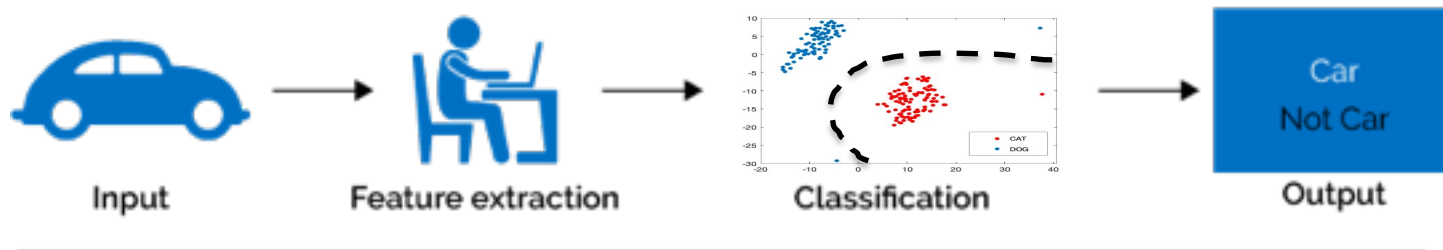
- Support Vector Machines
- Logistic Regression
- Linear Regression
- Decision Trees
- Random Forests
- k Nearest Neighbor

Require experts to engineer features !

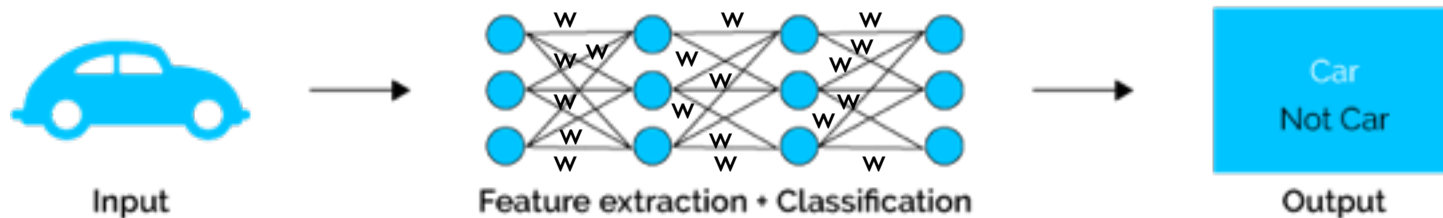
Some can be effective on smaller datasets!

What is Deep Learning

Classical ML



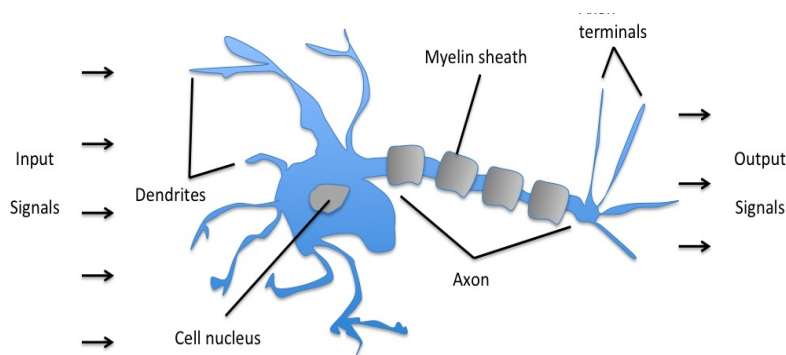
Deep Learning



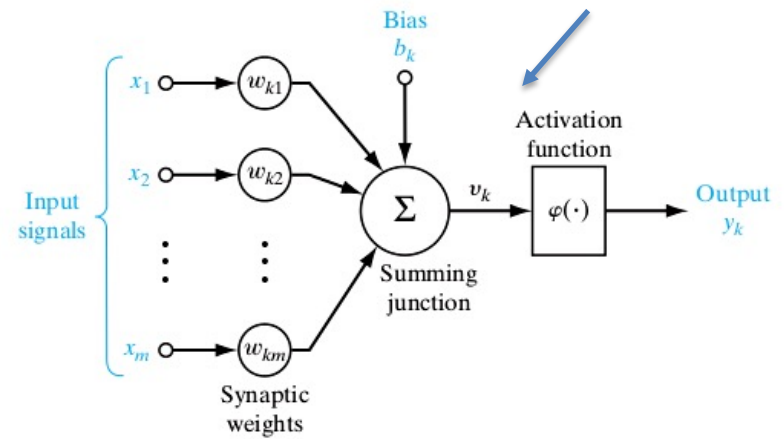
Neural Networks

- First emerged in 40's
- In 2010's started achieving human like performance on many tasks

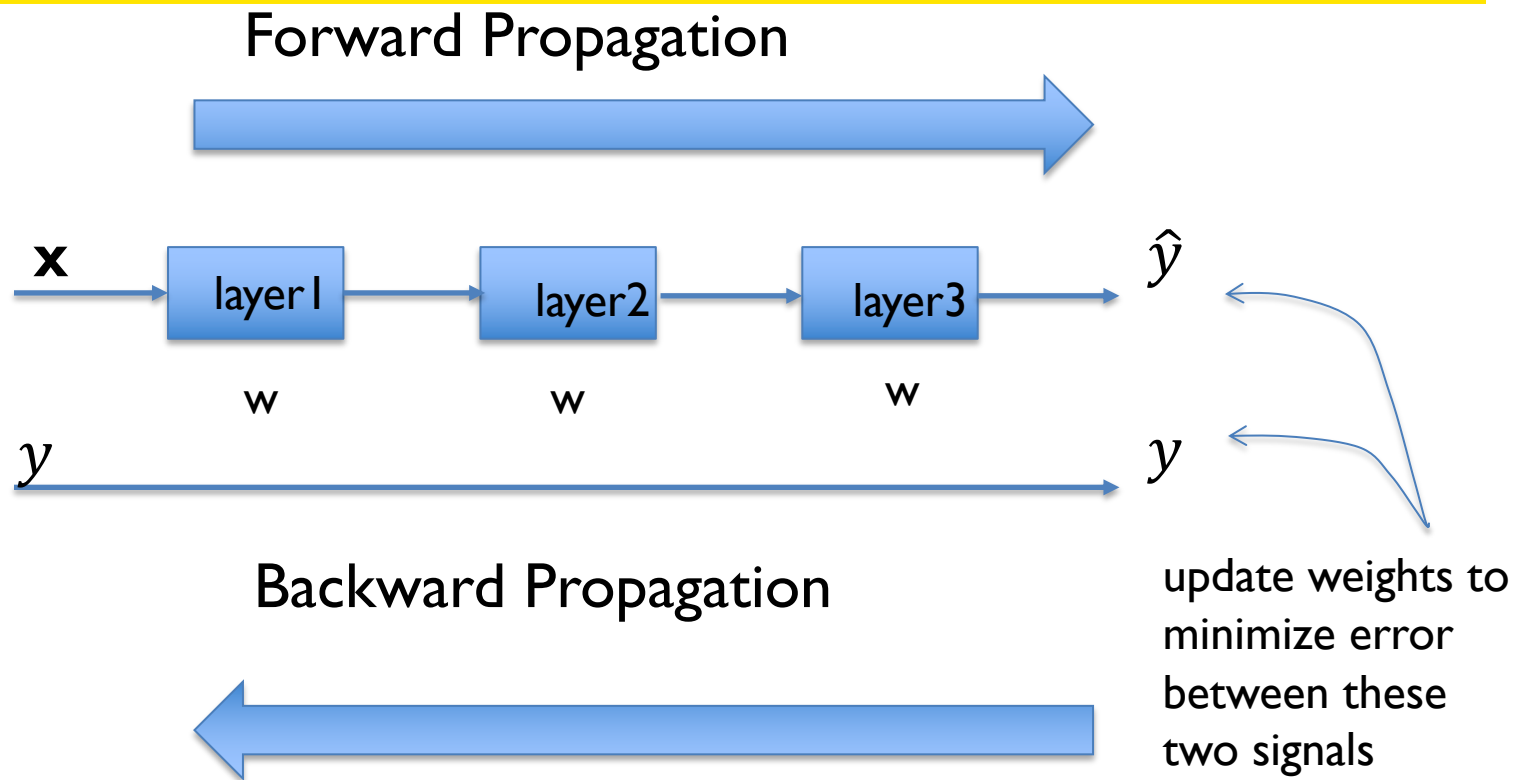
Biological Neuron



Mathematical Neuron



How do we train them?



Deep Neural Networks - CNN

Input

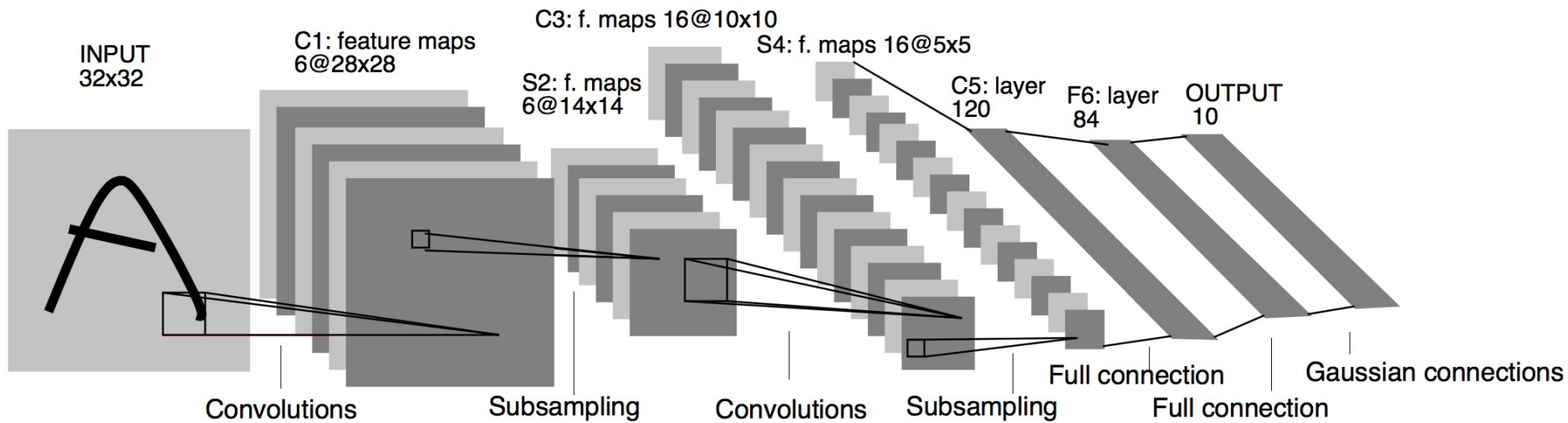


CNN processing



Face Detection

CNN Architecture Example



~60k parameters, 1998

Today architectures use from 100k to >100M parameters

LeNet-5, LeCun 1998

So what is an output from NN?

- Depends on your task and model!
- For Image Classification it is a probability of a class label.
- ResNet50, ImageNet.
- 1000 classes
- Image resized to 224x224x3

Combination lock : 0.53



Military uniform : 0.70



Existing class



Why is Deep Learning on the rise

- A few years ago someone noticed that a single layer of the mathematical neuron could be described by a matrix multiplication applied to its input vector. Graphics chips (GPU) are really good at such linear algebraic matrix calculations.
- GPU supercomputers can run millions of photos through CNN and train the network (typically 100M parameters, GPT3 175 billion parameters!) in few hours.
- Once trained, the GPU-powered network can label an image in milliseconds.



Challenges of Deep Learning

- Size of training dataset enormous (10M photos)
 - How to label?
 - Manually?
 - Another machine?
 - Untrustworthy training datasets
- Bias in training data
- Interpretability --> Explainable AI

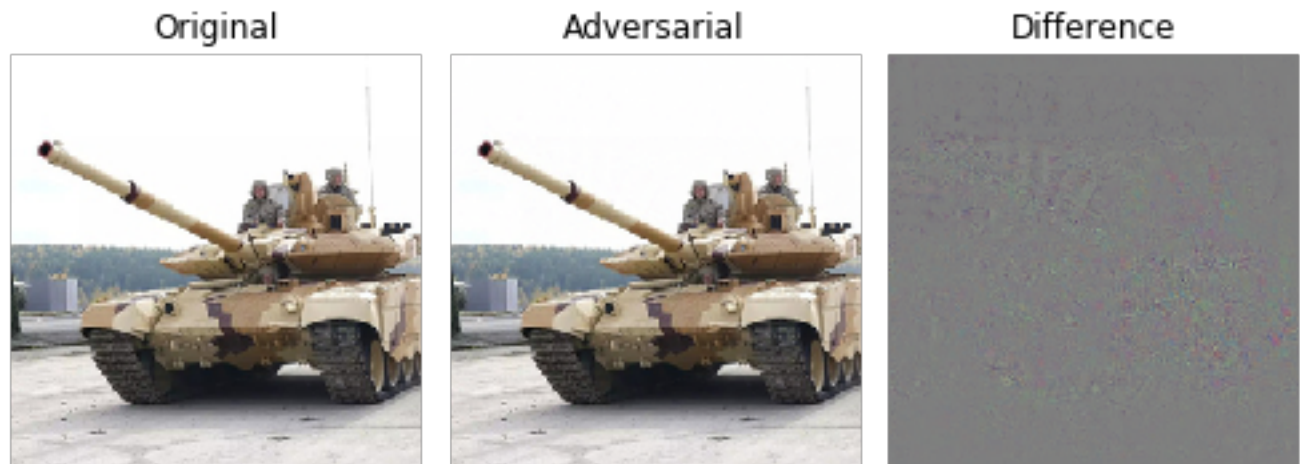
Adversarial Examples

- Adversary created small perturbations on inputs can degrade performance of Neural Networks

- In inference



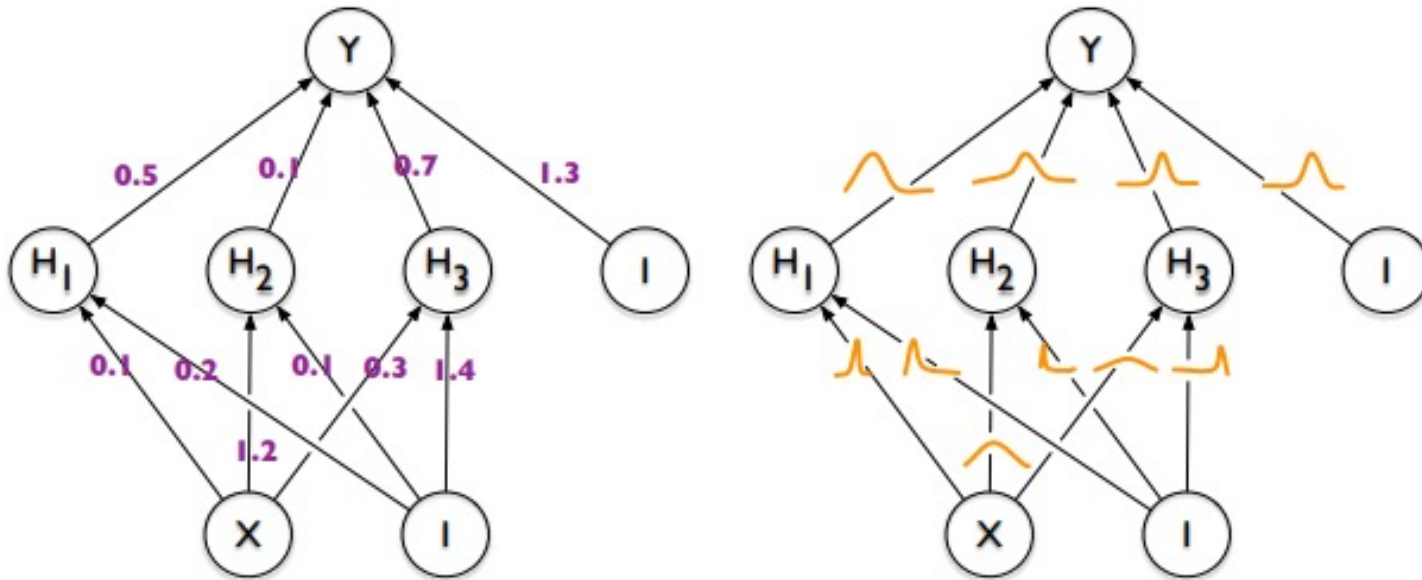
- In training



Tank: 0.99

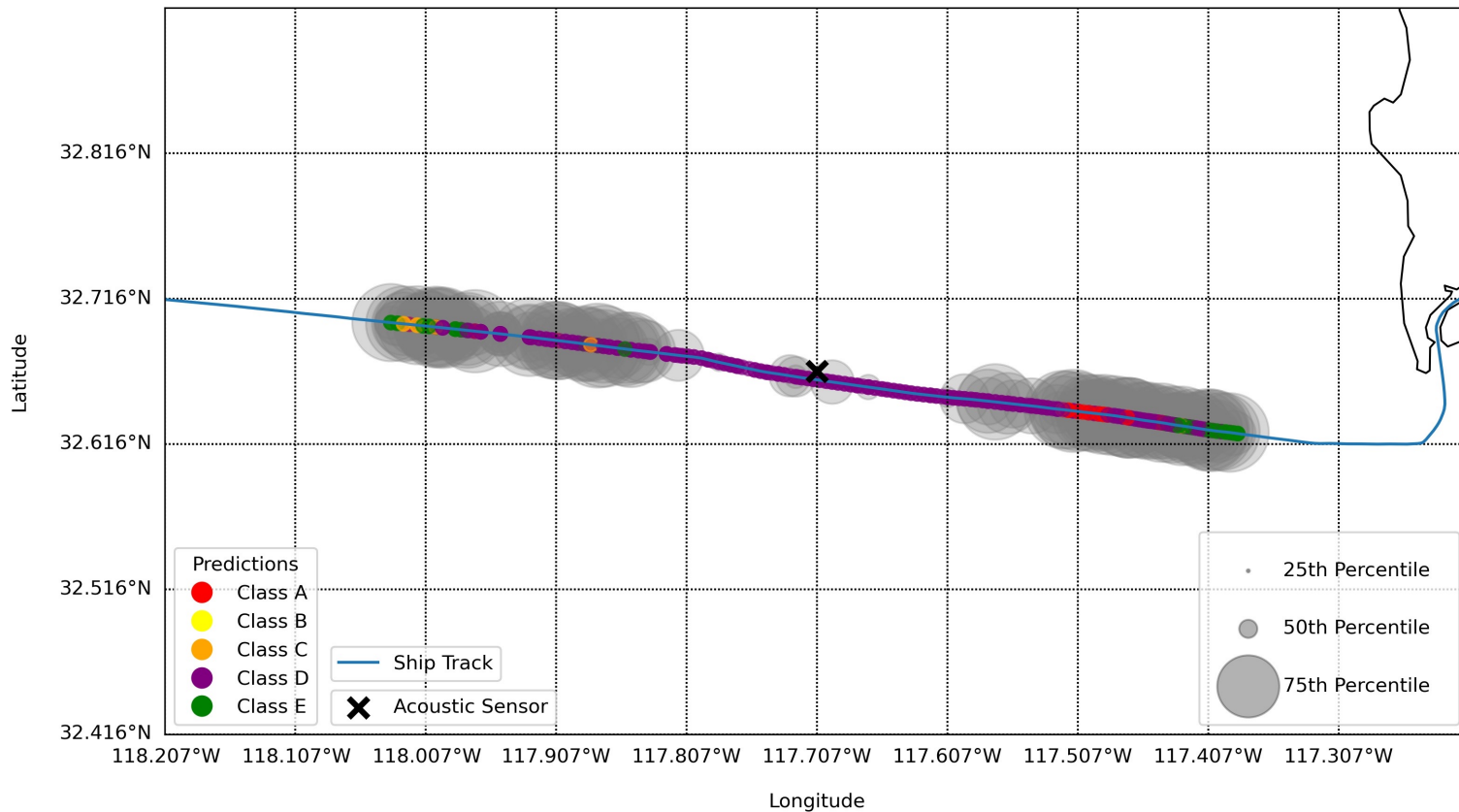
Tow Truck: 0.31

Bayesian Deep Learning



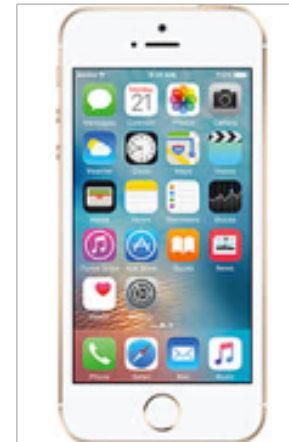
Blundell, C., Cornebise, J., Kavukcuoglu, K. and Wierstra, D., 2015, June.
 Weight uncertainty in neural network. In *International Conference on Machine Learning* (pp. 1613-1622). PMLR.

Passive Sonar Classification



AI is Ubiquitous

- Speech Recognition
- Image recognition
- Object localization (where things are in the image, tracking)
- Autonomous Driving
- Gesture Recognition
- Translation
- Text Classification
- Key Word Spotting (OK Google)
- Activity recognition from sensors (IMU units on cellphones)





Backup Slides

Physical Adversarial Attacks



Evtimov et al., 2018



Sharif et al. 2019