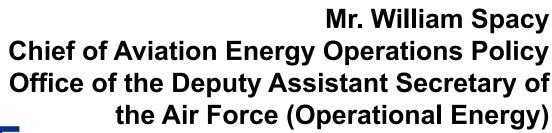
Headquarters U.S. Air Force

Integrity - Service - Excellence

Fueling More Fight Through Innovative Energy Solutions







What is Operational Energy?

DOD Operational Energy

Energy required for training, moving, & sustaining military forces and weapons platforms for military operations





Office of Air Force Operational Energy

- Provides policy, guidance, and oversight on energy required to operate aviation assets and aerospace ground equipment
- Mission: Break barriers by connecting Airmen with technology, data, and innovative thinking to develop and champion energyinformed solutions for the Air Force
- Vision: Create an energy optimized Air Force that maximizes combat capability for the warfighter

It's about more than saving fuel!

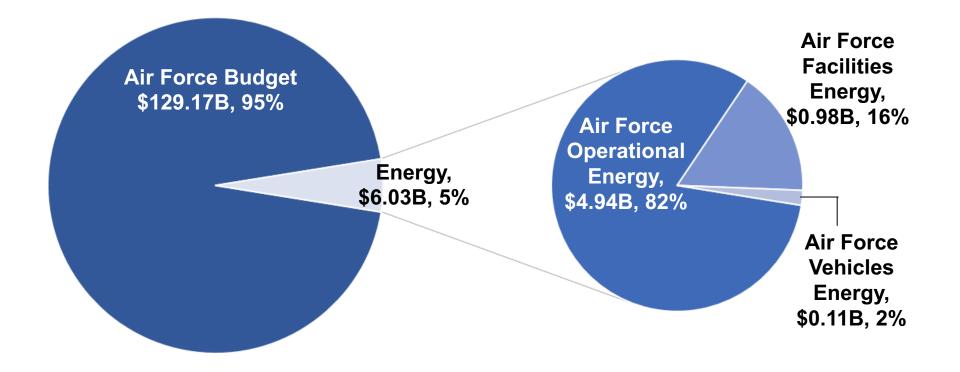


Ultimate Objective





Air Force Consumption



Air Force uses ~ 2B gallons annually on ~800K sorties



Defense Strategy, Air Force Priorities, and OE Goals

2018 National Defense Strategy

Rebuild Military Readiness--Strengthen Alliances--

Reform Business Practices

"Deliver Performance at the Speed of Relevance"

2018 USAF Priorities

Restore Readiness--Cost Effectively Modernize--Drive Innovation--Develop Exceptional Leaders--Strengthen Alliances

Air Force Operational Energy Goals

- 1. Identify & deliver optimal operations planning & execution solutions for existing gaps
- 2. Provide innovative energy solutions for new and legacy aircraft and systems
- 3. Furnish energy-efficient weapons systems sustainment analysis
- 4. Support the production of energy-informed war plans
- 5. Educate the Force and build the culture for operational energy





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Deliver Optimal Operations Planning & Execution Solutions



Operations Planning & Execution Solutions

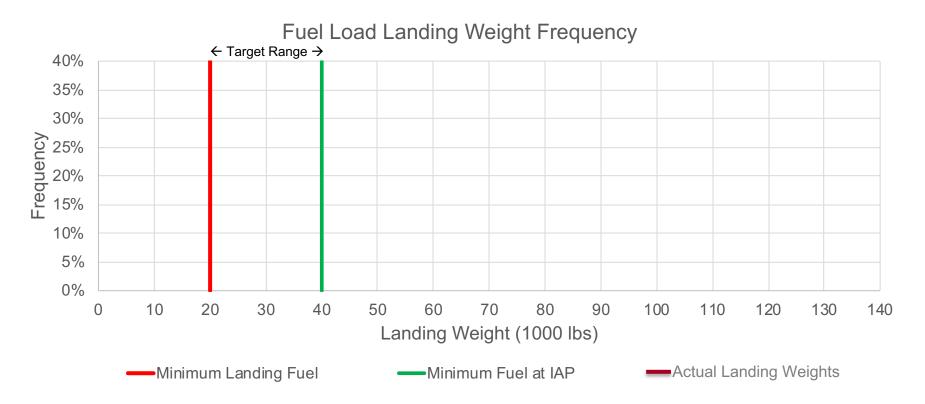
- Leading AF-wide effort to execute fuel data collection strategy
- Teaming with combatant & major commands to optimize flying operations through 21st century technology
- Analyzing mission operations and recommending optimized processes and policies
- Developing strategies to incentivize efficient mission execution



Data is critical to optimizing planning & execution

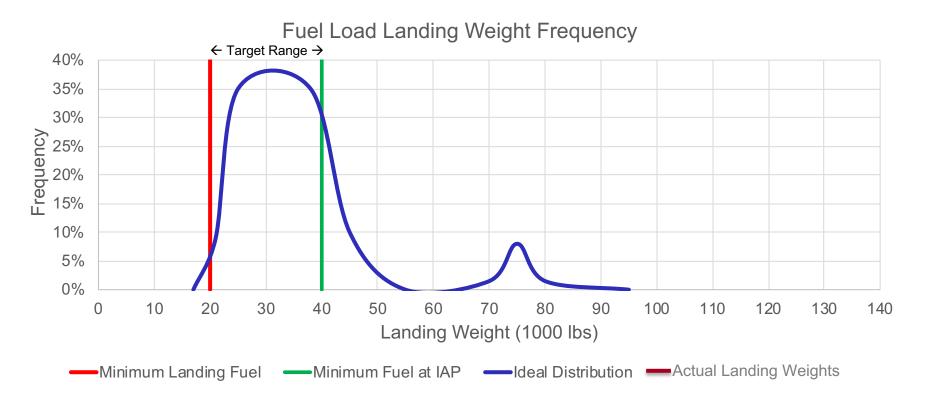


Power of Data



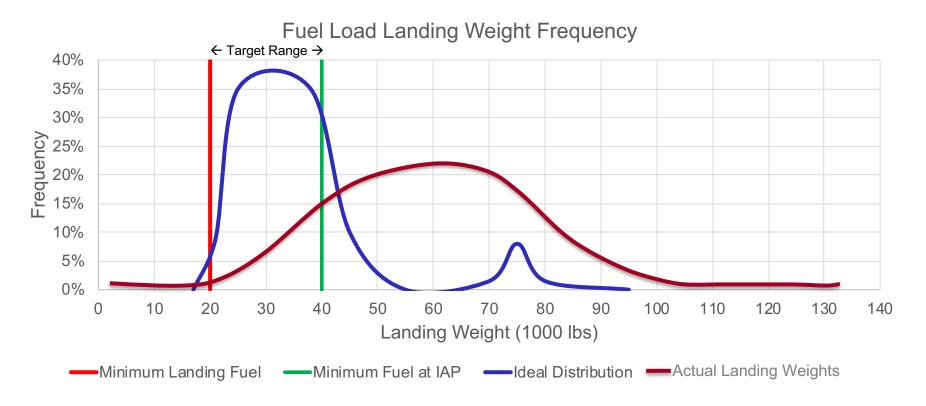


Power of Data





Power of Data

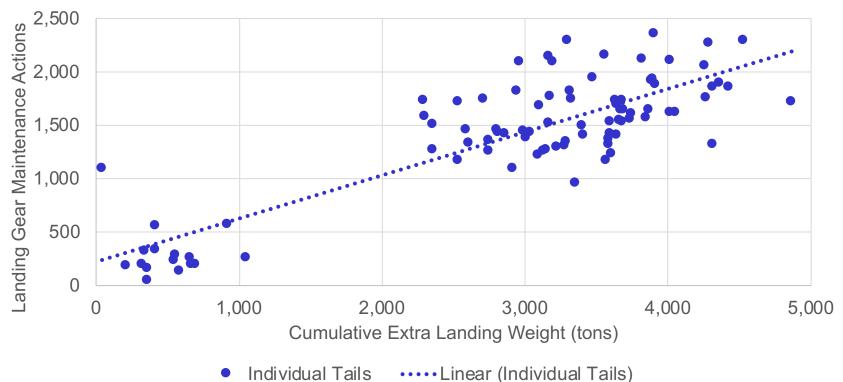


Addressing inefficient operations = Increased combat capability & enhanced readiness



Fusing Operational and Maintenance Data

Extra Landing Weight vs Landing Gear Maintenance

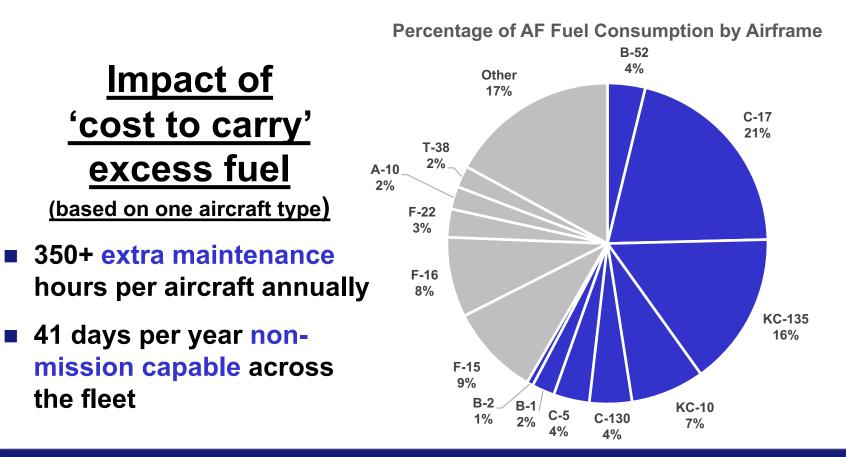


Avg 350 extra maintenance hours/aircraft per year 41 days a year non-mission capable across the fleet



the fleet

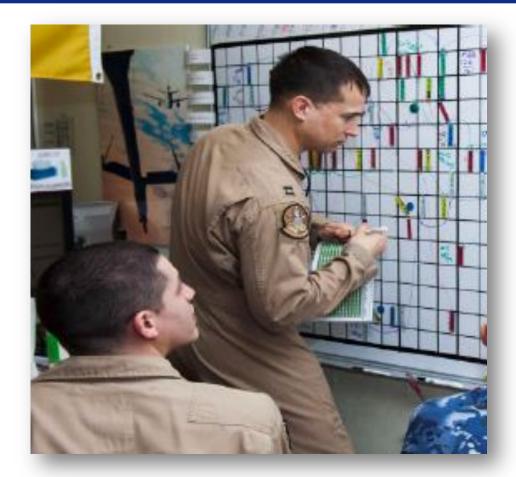
Fusing Operational and Maintenance Data



Most heavy aircraft carry more fuel than required which negatively impacts efficiency, maintenance, and readiness



Tanker Planning



"JIGSAW" -- Replacing pencil power"



Tanker Planning



Optimized operations planning



Innovative Energy Solutions for New and Legacy Aircraft

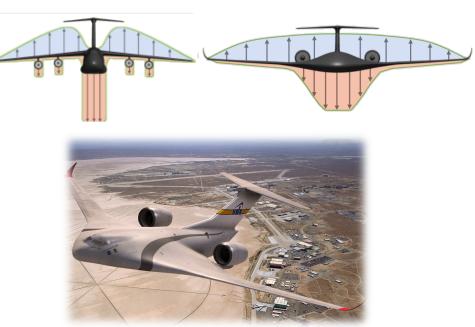


Enabling Technologies for Next-Gen Mobility & Tankers

- Advanced Air-Vehicle Concepts
 - Efficient span-loading designs / lifting wing bodies

 Advanced materials & manufacturing

Noise shielding



Credits: NASA/Lockheed Martin Aeronautics Company





Enabling Technologies for Next-Gen Mobility & Tankers

- Airframe-Integrated Propulsion
 - Over-wing / over-body nacelles

 Ultra-high bypass ratio turbofans



Credits: NASA/The Boeing Company



Credits: NASA/DZYNE Technologies/Brendan Kennelly

Boundary-layer ingestion



Legacy Aircraft Modernization

U.S. AIR FORCE



Lightweight Tie-downs

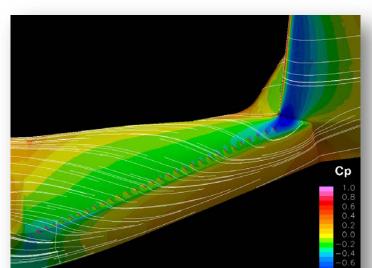
Active Winglets





U.S. AIR FORCE

- Computational Fluid Dynamics Analysis
- Aft Body Drag Reduction Devices Program





C-17 fleet installation = ~5M gallons per yr avail for other missions



Aircraft Power & Thermal Optimization

- AETP, ADAPT, MegaWatt Aircraft
- Advanced APUs
 - Small Turbines
 - Fuel Cells
 - Turboelectric generators



Credits: Jet Central/ChiefAircraft.com

Contraction of the second seco

Credits: Parker/FuelCellsWorks..com

Airframe-Integrated Solar





Energy-Efficient Weapons Systems Sustainment Analysis



Turbine Engine Efficiency, Reliability, & Maintainability



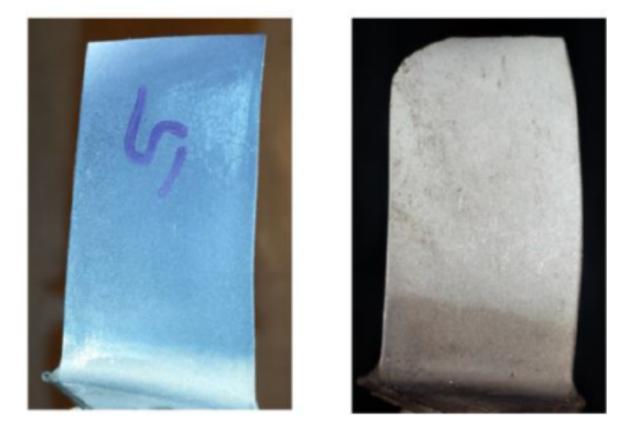
IR Scanning Compressor Blade





Turbine Engine Efficiency, Reliability, & Maintainability

Coated vs. Uncoated Compressor Blade



Without coating

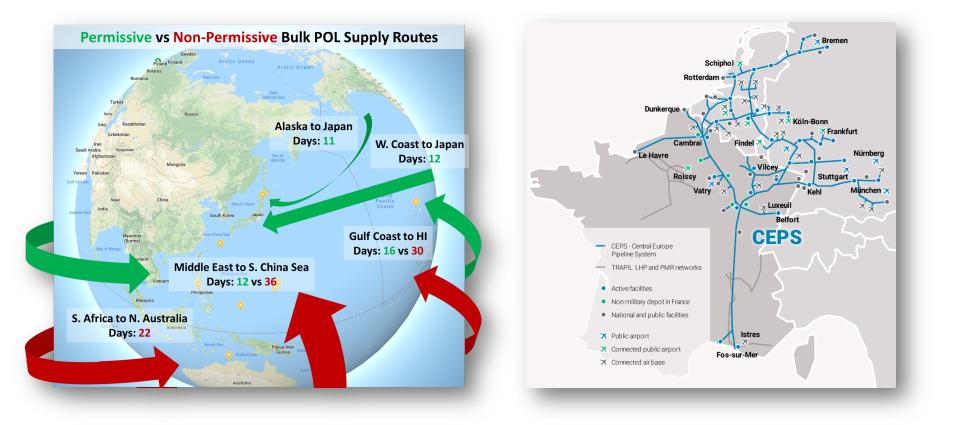
With coating



Support Production of Energy Informed War Plans

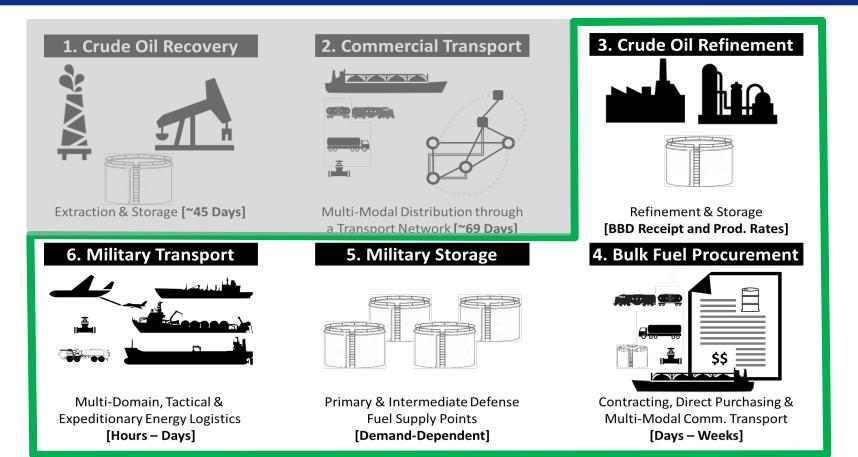


Operational Energy & the Tyranny of Distance



Energy Informed War Plans

U.S. AIR FORCE



Defining OE supply network back to refinery production and not just fuel storage at a given base



Educate the Force and Build the Culture for OE



Educate the Force and Build the Culture for OE

MORE THAN JUST FUEL SAVINGS...

IENERGY EFFICIENCY + INNOVATION = MORE FLIGHT HOURS1

OPERATIONAL ENERGY INNOVATION

FLY FAST, SAVE GAS?

Two F-22 CORONET demonstrations showed flying at a faster airspeed, including during air refueling, not only reduces transit time, but also saves fuel.

In January 2014, Maj Sterling Boyer and Mr. Don Reese, working with TACC and the AOS, developed the concept of flying and air refueling F-22 CORONETs near the F-22 maximum endurance airspeed of 335 KIAS instead of the standard 310 KIAS. The first demonstration flew 12 F-22s with KC-10 and KC-135 tanker support from Langley to Hickam, then on to Kadena, measuring a range of factors including fuel use, flight hours, and aircraft stability. Results indicated significant savings in not only flight time, but also net fuel, which could have a large impact if the method is implemented across the fleet.

"I think that's awesome on many counts...Saves gas, saves time, empowers innovation."

- Gen Mike Holmes.

ACC Commander

A second demonstration was requested by ACC and AMC to validate these findings. In August 7 Overall: 10% decrease 2017, a CORONET, consisting of six F-22s and two KC-10s, divided into two cells and flew from Elmendorf to Hickam at different speeds; one cell 7 F-22: Greater AR stability at 335 KIAS and the other at 310 KIAS. Under the same conditions, the side-by-side comparison showed that the

no degradations to maneuverability or air refueling effectiveness. The next steps are to conduct analysis on other CAF platforms to determine their optimum air refueling speeds and incorporate the optimized speeds into planning standards.

WHY IT MATTERS - Optimizing operational energy matters. The 10% flight time decrease and 6% fuel savings highlighted in these proof-of-principle missions means more hours for flight training/combat and less wear and tear on the aircraft. Applying this concept to approximately 130 annual F-22 movements and other CAF platforms could reallocate 800+ hours of flight time annually back to the squadrons. Identifying these operational energy efficiencies is how we improve readiness and increase combat capability.

We must unleash the military from the tether of fuel" – James Mattis, Secretary of Defense



FAST FACTS

in flight time, 6% decrease in fuel used

faster cell saved nearly 9.5K lbs of fuel (approximately \$3K) and 1.5 hours of flight time (about \$40K). What's more, the F-22 pilots reported greater stability while air refueling at the higher speed and the KC-10 crew reported





[CRITICAL ANALYSIS + COLLABORATION = OPERATIONAL ENERGY SOLUTIONS]

INNOVATIVE RESOURCE SOLUTIONS

The max landing weight for the KC-135 is now 235.000 pounds because of the initiative displayed by one Airman in the CAOC. Concerned by the high incidences of fuel dumping, he was determined to reduce fuel dump frequency and avoid wasting an increasingly valuable resource. He came up with an innovative solution to change the 1950s-era 200,000 pound landing weight restriction, thereby reducing AOR dump frequency by 80% and volume dumped by 90%.

In his research, he found the 200K restriction was driven by A-Model engine-out climb performance. The J57 engines have long since been replaced by the R-model (CFM-56) engines, which produce about twice the thrust and completely change the engineout go-around climb profile. With the increased performance, the KC-135 can safely land and execute an engine-out go around at 235K eliminating most fuel dumping events.

He worked with maintenance, sustainment professionals, and operators to ensure there were no hidden costs or safety issues associated with the proposed increase. When none were identified, he successfully worked to change AFI-11-2KC-135V3 to reflect the new max landing weight.

This success story is just one example of how the current generation of aviators and maintenance professionals are embracing the smart use of operational energy resources. One of your roles is to support and apply this mindset throughout the Air Force, thus changing the culture and creating an operationally energy efficient force. Your leadership and endorsement of smart operational energy use creates an atmosphere where people are internally motivated to critically analyse and solve OE challenges.

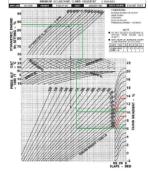


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Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Operational Energy (SAF/IEN) Web: http://www.safie.hq.af.mil/OpEnergy/

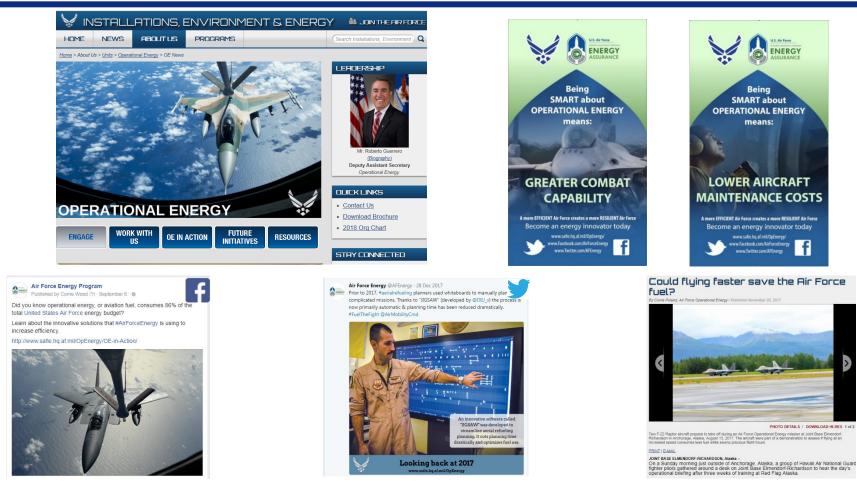








Educate the Force and Build the Culture for OE



Promoting smart energy practices and policies





- USAF will continue to be DoD's largest fuel consumer
- Developing and championing innovate energy solutions is critical to improving combat capability and increasing readiness





QUESTIONS

