1. Identification of the material and supplier

**Product name**  
Castrol Power 1 TTS Racing 2T

**SDS no.**  
464621

**Product use**  
Lubricant for two-stroke engines. For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

**Supplier**  
Castrol Australia Pty Ltd  
Level 17, 717 Bourke Street  
Docklands, Victoria 3008  
ABN 87 008 459 407  
www.castrol.com.au

Tel: +61 (03) 9268 4111  
Fax: +61 (03) 9268 3321

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**  
+61 2801 44558 (or 1800 14 14 74 within Australia)

**OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION**  
Technical Advice Helpline Number: 1300 557 998

**Product code**  
464621-AU07

2. Hazards identification

**Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature**  
NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

3. Composition/information on ingredients


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>CAS no.</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine - unspecified</td>
<td>64742-47-8</td>
<td>20 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base oil - unspecified</td>
<td>Varies</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

4. First-aid measures

**Eye contact**  
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

**Skin contact**  
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

**Inhalation**  
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

**Ingestion**  
Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Advice to doctor**  
Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**  
Suitable: In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.

Not suitable: Do not use water jet.

**Hazardous decomposition products**  
Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

**Unusual fire/explosion hazards**  
Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Special fire-fighting procedures**  
Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area.

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**Large spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Collect and contain spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact of spill material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. NOTE: Product diluted with petrol must be handled with the same precautions used for petrol. Before mixing, the Safety Data Sheet for petrol should be consulted for any precautionary measures necessary.

**Storage**

Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Separate from oxidising materials. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in a segregated and approved area.

8. Exposure Classification

**Ingredient name**

Kerosine - unspecified

Base oil - unspecified

**Occupational exposure limits**

ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2003

Safe Work Australia (Australia).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Oil mist, mineral

For information and guidance, the ACGIH values are included. For further information on these please consult your supplier.

**Exposure controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

Avoid breathing of vapours, mists or spray. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS/NZS 1715/1716. When mists or vapours exceed the exposure standards then the use of the following is recommended: Approved respirator with organic vapour and dust/mist (Type P1) filters. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure level.

**Skin and body**

None required; however, use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.
Hand protection
Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye protection
Safety glasses with side shields.

9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value/Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>73 °C (Closed cup) Pensky-Martens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Kinematic: 43 mm²/s (43 cSt) at 40°C Kinematic: 6.8 to 8 mm²/s (6.8 to 8 cSt) at 100°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point / range</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point / range</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density/Specific gravity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>875 kg/m³ (0.875 g/cm³) at 15°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>insoluble in water.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

| Stability              | The product is stable.                                                             |
| Conditions to avoid    | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).                           |
| Incompatibility with various substances/Hazardous Reactions | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |

11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects and symptoms</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>No significant health hazards identified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>No significant health hazards identified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No significant health hazards identified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No significant health hazards identified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic toxicity</td>
<td>NOTE: Product diluted with petrol must be handled with the same precautions used for petrol. Before mixing, the Safety Data Sheet for petrol should be consulted for any precautionary measures necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenic effects</td>
<td>No component of this product at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen by ACGIH, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the European Commission (EC), or the National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutagenic effects</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

| Ecotoxicity           | Not classified as environmentally hazardous in accordance with the 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances' [NOHSC (1008)/2004 as amended and adapted]. |
| Biodegradability      | The biodegradability of this material has not been determined.                           |
| Persistence/degradability | This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment. |
| Mobility              | Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.                     |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired. |
13. Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations / Waste information
The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration
No additional special precautions identified.

14. Transport information

International transport regulations
Not classified as dangerous for transport (ADG, IMDG, ICAO/IATA).

Special precautions for user
No known special precautions required. See Section: "Handling and storage" for additional information.

15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
Not scheduled
Consumer products - This product is exempt per Appendix A of the SUSMP.

Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

No Listed Substance

Other regulations

REACH Status
For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)
All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS)
All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory
All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC)
All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS)
All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)
All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS)
Not determined.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations
AMP = Acceptable Maximum Peak
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, an agency that promulgates exposure standards.
ADG = Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
ADG Code = Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
HAZCHEM Code = Emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services. Its use is required by the ADG Code for Dangerous Goods in bulk.
ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization.
IATA = International Air Transport Association, the organization promulgating rules governing shipment of goods by air.
IMDG = International Maritime Organization Rules, rules governing shipment of goods by water.
IP 346 = A chemical screening assay for dermal toxicity. The European Commission has recommended that Method IP 346 be used as the basis for labelling certain lubricant oil base stocks for carcinogenicity. The EU Commission has stipulated that the classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. (See Note L, European Commission Directive 67/548/EEC as amended and adapted.)
DMSO is a solvent.
NOHSC = National Occupational Health & Safety Commission, Australia
TWA = Time weighted average
STEL = Short term exposure limit
UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

History
Date of issue 28/05/2013.
Date of previous issue 23/04/2010.
Prepared by Product Stewardship
Notice to reader
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