**Chemical Name:** OneTime Lightweight Spackling Compound

**Manufacturer:** Red Devil

**Container Size:** NA

**Location:** VLA

**Disposal:** Place empty container in trash.
# Material Safety Data Sheet

**MSDS No.** 0037 Rev 5

**SECTION 1 – PRODUCT NAME & MANUFACTURER INFORMATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT NAME</th>
<th>Onetime Lightweight Spackling Compound</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MANUFACTURER’S NAME &amp; TELEPHONE NUMBER</td>
<td>Red Devil, Inc. 918-825-5744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STREET ADDRESS</td>
<td>4175 Webb Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CITY / STATE / ZIP</td>
<td>Pryor, Oklahoma 74361</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 2 – COMPOSITION / HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT CONSISTS OF:</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>TLV</th>
<th>PEL</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acrylic/Vinyl Acrylic Emulsion Blend (mixture)</td>
<td>&lt;50</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soda Lime Borosilicate ** (65997-17-3)</td>
<td>&lt;25</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td>NE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-hazardous ingredients *

*Unlisted ingredients are not considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). ** Inhalation of Glass Bubbles not likely due to products physical state. Calculated VOC: < 0.5 %/wt, < 10 g/L. CARB Compliance: Yes. Prop 65 Ingredients: Yes (See Section 16)

**SECTION 3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY</th>
<th>Skin Contact</th>
<th>Skin Absorption</th>
<th>Eye Contact</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Removal of this product after use may result in the generation of dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in material getting into eyes, ears, nose & mouth which may result in irritation.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE**

May cause eye, skin, nose, throat & respiratory tract irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Inhalation of dust may result in pulmonary & respiratory damages. Prolonged or repeated exposure to dust may cause lung damage. This product may contain small amounts of vinyl acetate, identified by IARC as a potential carcinogen, however there should be minimal risk when used w/ ventilation adequate to keep the atmospheric concentration of vinyl acetate below the recommended exposure limit.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE**

Asthma & asthma-like conditions may worsen from prolonged or repeated exposure.

**SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

**SKIN CONTACT**

Wash w/ soap & water for @ least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. Remove & wash contaminated clothing.

**EYE CONTACT**

Immediately flush w/ large quantities of water for @ least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention.

**INHALATION**

Remove to fresh air. If breathing difficult, leave area to obtain fresh air. If breathing remains difficult, get medical attention.

**INGESTION**

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get immediate medical attention.
SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FLAMABLE</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

FLASHPOINT (°F) & METHOD
>200°F (Seta Closed Cup)

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (% BY VOLUME) NE

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (% BY VOLUME) NE

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE (°F) NE

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS
None known.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) & full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PROCEDURES
Wear proper protective equipment (Section 8). Use absorbent material or scrape up dried material & place in approved container.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING & STORAGE

HANDLING PROCEDURES & EQUIPMENT
Keep out of reach of children & pets. Do not take internally. Do not breathe vapors or inhale dusts of this product. Avoid contact w/ skin & eyes. Do not get on clothing. Use w/ adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air during application & drying by opening windows & doors.

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS
Close container after each use. Store containers away from excessive heat & freezing. Do not store @ temperatures above 120°F. Store away from caustics & oxidizers.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator w/ organic vapor cartridge may be necessary under circumstances where concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

EYEWEAR
Goggles or safety glasses w/ side shields.

CLOTHING / GLOVES
Gloves recommended for prolonged or repeated skin contact.

HYGONIC PRACTICES
Remove & wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks & @ end of workday.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PHYSICAL STATE</th>
<th>Paste</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ODOR &amp; APPEARANCE</td>
<td>Slight ammoniacal. White paste.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SPECIFIC GRAVITY
~ 0.30 to 0.40

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)
Heavier than air

EVAPORATION RATE
NE

BOILING RANGE (°F)
NE

pH
~ 7.0 to 9.0

SOLUBILITY IN WATER
Soluble.

VAPOR PRESSURE (MM Hg)
NE

%WT VOLATILE (TNV)
~ 42% to 49%

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY
Yes No
Stable under normal conditions.

INCOMPATABILITY
Yes No
Incompatible w/ strong oxidizers & caustics.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID
Excessive heat & freezing.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION/HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions. Normal decomposition products, ie: COx.
SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION / CARCINOGENICITY

ACGIH
Trace residual Formaldehyde present in base emulsion is a suspected human carcinogen. Vinyl acetate present in polymer blend is a confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

OSHA
Trace residual Formaldehyde present in base emulsion viewed as a possible cancer hazard.

IARC
Trace residual Formaldehyde: Human carcinogen. Vinyl acetate listed as a possible carcinogen.

NTP
Trace residual Formaldehyde listed as an anticipated carcinogen.

DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMANS
Product may contain trace amounts of vinyl acetate, identified by IARC as a potential carcinogen. There is presently no evidence that it has caused cancer in humans. Product contains trace residual Formaldehyde from base acrylic emulsion, listed by OSHA & NTP as a potential carcinogen.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

AQUATIC TOXICITY
No information currently available.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL
Dispose of material in accordance with Federal, State & Local regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION
Product not regulated by DOT.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA – SARA HAZARD CATEGORY
No information.

U.S. STATE REGS
See Section 16.

SARA 313
Contains vinyl acetate monomer, subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313.

TSCA
All ingredients either on TSCA Inventory or exempt.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION / SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS / LEGEND

Prop 65 Ingredients: (Known to State of California to cause cancer): Formaldehyde, various monomers used in polymerization of base emulsion & vinyl acetate in vinyl acrylic emulsion blend. NJ Right-to-Know: (Top 5 Ingredients): Base Acrylic Emulsion (mixture), Vinyl Acrylic Emulsion (mixture), Water (7732-18-5), Soda Lime Borosilicate (Glass Bubbles) (65997-17-3), Propylene Glycol (57-55-6). Pennsylvania Right-to-Know (Non-Haz @ >3%): Water (7732-18-5). Ingredients Known to State of California to cause cancer &/or developmental toxicity &/or reproductive toxicity: Acrylonitrile (107-13-1), Ethyl Acrylate (140-88-5), Formaldehyde (50-00-0). Canadian WHMIS Class: Not regulated. HMIS Ratings: Health: 1, Flammability: 0, Reactivity: 0. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY NUMBER: 352-323-3500 - INFOTRAC


Reviewed By: Larry G. Brandon VP Technology & General Manager March 6, 2012

The information contained herein has been developed based upon currently available scientific data. New information may be developed from time to time which may render the conclusions of this report obsolete. Therefore, no warranty is extended as to the applicability of this information to the user’s intended purpose or for the consequences of its use or misuse.